ANNUAL
FINANCIAL REPORT
OF THE
CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2012

Prepared by the Finance Department Brian Redshaw, City Administrator

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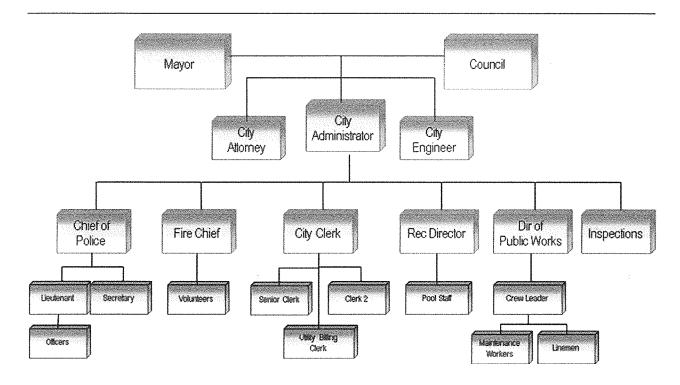
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CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA

Organizational Chart June 30, 2012



CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2012

Title	Name
Mayor	Dale Petersen
Council Member and Mayor Pro-Tem	Ron Hanson
Council Member	Bill Gaukel
Council Member	Nicole Cleveland
Council Member	Glenda Moriarty
Council Member	Don Wood
City Engineer	Aaron Lincoln
City Attorney	Sarah Kleber
City Administrator	Brian Redshaw
City Clerk/Treasurer	Renee Fangman
Public Works Director	Mark Huntley
Code Enforcement Officer	Cindy Houlihan
Chief of Police	Dave McFarland
Fire Chief	Anthony Gaul
Recreation Director	Brent Brown
Library Director	Leslie Ellerbeck



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2013, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of funding progress for the retiree health plan on pages 5 through 13 and 50 through 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. We, or another auditor previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the eight years ended June 30, 2011 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

William & Lengung, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa March 20, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The discussion and analysis of the City of Sergeant Bluff's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2012 provides a narrative overview of its financial activities. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets of approximately \$38.5 million are divided between Governmental Activities (\$15.8 million) and Business-Type Activities (\$22.7 million). Combined assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$25.4 million. Of this amount, approximately \$5.1 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2012, the City of Sergeant Bluff's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$1.8 million.
- The unassigned fund balance for the general fund, at the end of the current fiscal year was approximately \$873,000. This represents 34 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Sergeant Bluff's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Sergeant Bluff's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Assets is essentially a balance sheet that combines all funds on a government-wide basis. Changes in net assets over time may be an indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or worsening.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in the net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, giving rise to the change regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Sergeant Bluff that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Sergeant Bluff include general government, public safety, public works, community and

economic development, culture and recreation and debt service. The Business-Type Activities of the City include an electric, water, sewer, solid waste and storm water utility.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Sergeant Bluff, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Sergeant Bluff maintains 8 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements as supplementary information.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-22 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>. The City of Sergeant Bluff maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Electric, Water, Sewer, Solid Waste and Storm Water Utilities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Electric, Water and Sewer Utilities.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-30 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties external to the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Sergeant Bluff's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary funds financial statements are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets.

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u>. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-49 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest part of the City's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following comparative chart shows the changes in net assets for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

		Government	al A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				 Total City			
		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>		2011	
Current and other assets	\$	3,948,886	\$	3,581,780	\$	5,490,161	\$	4,801,985	\$ 9,439,047	\$	8,383,765	
Capital assets		11,878,375		12,383,708		17,199,163		14,708,493	 29,077,538		27,092,201	
Total assets		15,827,261		15,965,488		22,689,324		19,510,478	 38,516,585		35,475,966	
Long-term debt												
outstanding		3,089,777		3,456,275		6,982,223		4,914,406	10,072,000		8,370,681	
Other liabilities		2,075,990		1,913,089		952,153		650,894	3,028,143		2,563,983	
Total liabilities		5,165,767		5,369,364		7,934,376		5,565,300	 13,100,143		10,934,664	
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		8,788,598		8,927,433		10,538,908		9,794,087	19,327,506		18,721,520	
Restricted		948,600		760,471		-		-	948,600		760,471	
Unrestricted	-	924,296		908,220		4,216,040		4,151,091	 5,140,336		5,059,311	
Total net assets	\$	10,661,494	\$	10,596,124	<u>\$</u>	14,754,948	\$	13,945,178	\$ 25,416,442	\$	24,541,302	

This summary reflects a 0.6 percent increase in governmental activities net assets and an increase of 5.8 percent increase in the business-type activities net assets.

Total revenue reported in Fiscal Year 2012 was \$8,844,606. The following table breaks down revenues collected for governmental activities and business-type activities for fiscal year 2012 and 2011.

7

	_	Government	al A	ctivities	~	Business-Ty	pe A	Activities		To	tal	
Revenue Source		<u>2012</u>		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	429,456	\$	355,395	\$	4,575,630	\$	4,263,197	\$	5,005,086	\$	4,618,592
Operating grants and												
contributions		488,199		431,518		-		-		488,199		431,518
Capital Grants and												
contributions		26,874	***************************************	264,773	***************************************	900,629		1,785,000		927,503		2,049,773
Total program revenues		944,529	*******	1,051,686		5,476,259		6,048,197	_	6,420,788		7,099,883
General revenues and												
interfund transfers:												
Property taxes		1,784,167		1,733,358		-		_		1,784,167		1,733,358
Local option sales tax		478,366		372,605		_		_		478,366		372,605
Hotel/motel tax		20,352		17,300				_		20,352		17,300
Interest		54,755		63,921		15,706		5,902		70,461		69,823
Gain on sale of assets		-		-		-		· -		, <u>-</u>		
Miscellaneous		39,128		27,428		31,344		2,421		70,472		29,849
Interfund transfers		210,226		(278,622)		(210,226)		278,622				
Total general revenues												
and interfund transfers		2,586,994		1,935,990		(163,176)		286,945	_	2,423,818		2,222,935
	\$	3,531,523	\$	2,987,676	\$	5,313,083	\$	6,335,142	\$_	8,844,606	\$	9,322,818

Program revenues totaled \$6,420,788 for fiscal year 2012. Governmental activities provided \$944,529 and business-type activities provided \$5,476,259. Revenue collected for charges for services during the year was \$5,005,086, accounting for 78 percent of total program revenues.

General revenues and transfers for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$2,423,818, with governmental activities providing \$2,586,994, and business-type activities providing \$286,945. Property tax revenues for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$1,784,167, accounting for almost 74 percent of general revenues.

Expenses for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$7,948,665. Expenses for governmental activities totaled \$3,461,797, accounting for 44 percent of total expenses. Business-type activity expenses totaled \$4,486,868, for 56 percent of the total. The following table shows total expenses by Function/Program:

	 Government	al A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities					Total			
Program Level	<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>	
Public safety	\$ 1,181,221	\$	1,317,221	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,181,221	\$	1,317,221	
Public works	966,161		874,347		-		-		966,161		874,347	
Health and Social Services	8,884		10,200		-		-		8,884		10,200	
Culture and recreation	596,153		578,937		-		=		596,153		578,937	
Community and economic												
development	59,649		65,797		-		-		59,649		65,797	
General government	544,631		566,878		-		-		544,631		566,878	
Debt service	105,098		141,510		-		-		105,098		141,510	
Electric utility	-		-		2,634,055		2,442,785		2,634,055		2,442,785	
Water utility	-		-		735,155		672,637		735,155		672,637	
Sewer utility	-		-		726,200		665,773		726,200		665,773	
Solid waste utility	-		-		288,283		276,482		288,283		276,482	
Storm water utility	 <u> </u>				103,175		80,358		103,175		80,358	
Total expenses	\$ 3,461,797	\$	3,554,890	\$	4,486,868	\$	4,138,035	\$	7,948,665	<u>\$</u>	7,692,925	

The following table shows the activities included within each program level:

Public Safety Individual & Community Protection, Physical Health
Public Works Roadway Construction, Airport Operations, General Streets,

Transportation Services

Culture and Recreation Education & Culture, Leisure Time Opportunities

Community and Economic Development

Economic Development and Community Beautification

General Government Administration, Accounting, Support Services

Payment of Interest

Capital Projects Construction of Capital Facilities

Electric Utility Operation of Electric Distribution System
Water Utility Operation of Water Supply Distribution System

Sewer Utility Operation of Waste Water Treatment Plant/Collection System

Solid Waste Utility Operation of Garbage and Recycling Collection and

Disposal System

Storm Water Utility Operation of Storm Water Drainage System

Governmental Activities

Debt Service

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional clarification is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. Please note that the expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense) Revenue calculation. This format highlights the respective financial burden that each of the functions place on the taxpayers. For example, the City spent \$1,181,221 for Public Safety and received \$176,048 in revenue, leaving a cost to taxpayers of \$1,005,173 to be funded by various methods. The format also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees or grants. Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

Public Safety Fines, Fees

Public Works Road Use Tax, Rent Culture and Recreation Fees, State Aid General Government Licenses, Permits

Capital Projects Donations, State Grants, Federal Grants

The total cost of governmental activities this year was \$3,461,797. Of these costs, \$429,456 was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs. Costs paid by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions were \$515,073, leaving a Net Expense of \$2,517,268 for Governmental Activities. These expenses were covered with tax revenues, interest, and other general revenues. The Statement of Activities in the financial statements provides further detail. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Governmental Activity is shown in the following table:

Functions/Programs	Net (Exper	ise) Revenue
	2012	<u>2011</u>
Governmental activities:		
Public safety	\$(1,005,173)	\$(1,135,609)
Public works	(481,342)	(226,218)
Health and Social Services	(8,884)	(10,200)
Culture and recreation	(368,225)	(407,680)
Community and economic development	(33,124)	(37,078)
General government	(515,422)	(544,909)
Debt service	(105,098)	(141,510)
Total net (expense) governmental activities	(2,517,268)	(2,503,204)
General revenues and interfund transfers	2,586,994	1,935,990
Change in net assets	<u>\$ 69,726</u>	\$ (567,214)

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$14,123,291, consisting of net assets at July 1, 2011 of \$10,591,768, program revenues of \$944,529 and general revenues and transfers of \$2,586,994. Total governmental activities during the year expended \$3,461,797; thus, net assets were increased by \$69,726 to \$10,661,494.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$826,215.

The cost of all proprietary activities this year was \$4,486,868. As shown in the Statement of Activities, program revenue was \$5,476,259, resulting in a total Net Revenue of \$989,391.

Business-Type Activities		Net (Expense) Revenue			
		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>	
Electric utility	\$	(91,178)	\$	30,781	
Water utility		101,127		1,821,711	
Sewer utility		78,765		57,793	
Solid waste utility		17,869		(115)	
Storm water utility		882,808		(8)	
Total net revenue business-type activities		989,391		1,910,162	
General revenues and interfund transfers		(163,176)		286,945	
Change in net assets	<u>\$</u>	826,215	\$	2,197,107	

Total resources available during the year to finance proprietary fund activities were \$19,241,816 consisting of net assets at July 1, 2011, of \$13,928,733, program revenues of \$5,476,259, and general revenues and transfers of (\$163,176). Total proprietary fund activities during the year expended \$4,486,868 thus; net assets were increased by \$826,215 to \$14,754,948.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal

year. The City's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances \$1,808,425. The combined Governmental Funds balance increased \$216,260 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. During the year, revenues and transfers exceeded expenditures in the General Fund by \$45,395. Debt Service revenues and transfers exceeded expenditures by \$17,777.

The special revenue road use tax fund is used to account for the operation of street maintenance and construction financed by allocations of the state fuel tax. During 2012, expenditures and transfers exceeded revenues by \$2,289.

The special revenue Local Option Sales Tax fund is used to account for revenues for the tax authorized by referendum and used for capital improvements, equipment and program services. During 2012, revenues exceeded expenditures and transfers by \$163,866.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The following table shows the budget variances by program structure:

			Variance
	Final	Actual	Favorable
Program	Budget	(Cash Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Public Safety	\$ 1,213,895	\$ 987,949	\$ 225,946
Public Works	508,430	406,132	102,298
Health and Social Services	10,600	8,884	1,716
Culture and Recreation	587,250	565,126	22,124
Community and Economic Development	72,300	58,228	14,072
General Government	581,240	500,245	80,995
Capital Projects	130,000	124,111	5,889
Debt Service	861,618	446,028	415,590
Business-Type/Enterprise	8,049,036	7,096,233	952,803
	\$12,014,369	<u>\$10,192,936</u>	<u>\$ 1,821,433</u>

See pages 50-52 for more detail information regarding the City's budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, streets, electric systems, sewer systems, water systems, and other infrastructure represents the value of the resources utilized to provide services to our citizens. The investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2012, was \$29,077,538, (net of accumulated depreciation). This is an increase of \$1,985,337 from fiscal year 2011. The gross additions to capital assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2011		
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 186,367	\$ -	\$ 186,367	\$ -		
Infrastructure	100,973	331,191	-	-	100,973	331,191		
Buildings	5,090	898,765	-	-	5,090	898,765		
Distribution system	-	-	6,512,172	73,895	6,512,172	73,895		
Equipment	29,104	149,317	21,525	30,444	50,629	179,761		
Construction in progress	270,267	<u>885,668</u>	2,711,116	3,964,256	2,981,383	4,849,924		
Total	<u>\$ 405,434</u>	\$ 2,264,941	<u>\$ 9,431,180</u>	<u>\$ 4,068,595</u>	<u>\$ 9,836,614</u>	<u>\$ 6,333,536</u>		

Construction in progress consisted of costs associated with road construction projects, the switch gear upgrade, lift station, and storm water drainage.

See Note 4 to the financial statements for more information on the City's capital assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

On June 30, 2012 the City had \$6,345,000 of general obligation debt outstanding. This is a increase of \$1,375,000 from the prior year.

In addition the City drew \$466,319 for a total debt of \$3,867,000 from the state revolving loan fund for water system improvements. The total outstanding debt on the revolving loan at June 30, 2012 was \$3,727,000.

See Note 5 to the financial statements for more information on the City's long-term debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City of Sergeant Bluff continues to report slow yet steady residential and commercial property value growth, with residential property encompassing approximately 70% of the taxable property tax value and commercial/industrial uses encompassing the remaining 30% of the tax base. Per capita property value is over \$55,000, which represents a fairly strong number. The assessed property tax base has increased, on average, about 5.4% annually over the past 5 years, while property tax collections have increased 4.0% over the same time-frame.

This steady growth has allowed the City to maintain its high level of service at a reasonable property tax rate. The sales tax portion of the City's revenue base has also continued to remain steady during a time when other communities have struggled. The City has budgeted for use of the General Fund balance in past years, and has done so this year as well due to the large cash balance at the end of the 2011 fiscal year (cash balance was 32% of expenditures at that time). Efforts have been taken in current and future planning (fiscal years 2011 through 2014) to use excess capital in the General fund balance to fund one-time capital projects in a process to bring the General Fund closer to a 25% of expenditure level in future years. Fiscal Year 2012 ended with a 34% fund balance, which is in line with the long-term goal.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Sergeant Bluff's financial position for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Sergeant Bluff, Administration Office, Sergeant Bluff, Iowa.

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

		Primary G	over	nment		
	Go	vernmental		siness-Type		
		Activities		Activities	 Total	
ASSETS	_		_	4 === 00=	0.000.400	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,244,563	\$	1,557,867	\$ 2,802,430	
Investments		580,391		2,883,472	3,463,863	
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for						
uncollectibles)		22.472		505.005	==	
Accounts		36,172		535,205	571,377	
Taxes		12,046		-	12,046	
Subsequent Year Taxes		1,832,758			1,832,758	
Estimated Unbilled Usage				147,326	147,326	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		108,773		20,689	129,462	
Inventories		-		246,614	246,614	
Prepaid Assets		63,299		44,294	107,593	
Bond Issue Costs		70,884		54,694	125,578	
Land		393,109		469,777	862,886	
Construction in Progress		169,294		2,261,619	2,430,913	
Infrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net						
of Accumulated Depreciation		11,315,972		14,467,767	 25,783,739	
Total Assets		15,827,261		22,689,324	 38,516,585	
LIADUITICO						
LIABILITIES Assessed Baselele		400 454		054.000	054757	
Accounts Payable		100,451		851,306	951,757	
Accrued Wages and Related Taxes		37,706		10,380	48,086	
Accrued Expenses		36,476		3,260	39,736	
Accrued Interest Payable		6,517		18,290	24,807	
Claims Incurred But Not Reported		3,846		-	3,846	
Customer Deposits		-		42,688	42,688	
Unearned Revenue		530		-	530	
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes		1,832,758		-	1,832,758	
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due within one year:						
Revenue Bonds Payable		-		145,000	145,000	
General Obligation Bonds		372,045		397,955	770,000	
Compensated Absences and Benefits		47,347		26,229	73,576	
Due in more than one year:						
Revenue Bonds		-		3,582,000	3,582,000	
General Obligation Bonds		2,717,732		2,857,268	5,575,000	
Net OPEB Liability		10,359			 10,359	
Total Liabilities		5,165,767		7,934,376	13,100,143	
NET ACCETO						
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,		0.700.500		40 500 000	10.007.50	
Net of Related Debt		8,788,598		10,538,908	19,327,506	
Restricted for:						
Debt Service		154,063		-	154,063	
Specific Tax Levy Purposes		17,690		-	17,690	
Local Option Sales Tax Purposes		321,543		-	321,543	
Street Purposes		262,392		-	262,392	
Fire Department Purposes		192,912		~	192,912	
Unrestricted		924,296		4,216,040	5,140,336	
Total Net Assets	\$	10,661,494	\$	14,754,948	\$ 25,416,442	

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

				Program Revenues						
					O	perating		Capital		
			Charges for		G	rants and	Gı	ants and		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Col	ntributions	Contributions			
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
Public Safety	\$	1,181,221	\$	127,821	\$	48,227	\$	_		
Public Works	·	966,161	•	59,386	•	398,559		26,874		
Health and Social Services		8,884		•		· <u>-</u>		-		
Culture and Recreation		596,153		212,440		15,488		-		
Community and Economic Development		59,649		600		25,925		_		
General Government		544,631		29,209		<u>-</u>		-		
Debt Service		105,098		-		-		_		
Total governmental activities		3,461,797	***************************************	429,456		488,199		26,874		
Business-Type Activities:										
Electric Utility		2,634,055	2	2,542,877		_		_		
Water Utility		735,155		836,282		_		_		
Sewer Utility		726,200		804,965		_		-		
Solid Waste Utility		288,283		306,152		_		_		
Storm Water Utility		103,175		85,354		<u>-</u>	***************************************	900,629		
Total Business-Type Activities:		4,486,868		4,575,630		-		900,629		
Total Primary Government	_\$_	7,948,665	\$:	5,005,086	\$	488,199	\$	927,503		

General Revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for tax increment financing debt

Property taxes, levied for employee benefits

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Local option sales tax

Hotel/Motel Taxes

Interest

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Prior Period Adjusment

Net assets - beginning (as restated)

Net assets - ending

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets							
G	overnmental Activities	Bı	Business-Type Activities		Total			
\$	(1,005,173) (481,342) (8,884) (368,225) (33,124) (515,422) (105,098) (2,517,268)	\$	- - - - - -	\$	(1,005,173) (481,342) (8,884) (368,225) (33,124) (515,422) (105,098) (2,517,268)			
	- - - -		(91,178) 101,127 78,765 17,869 882,808	***************************************	(91,178) 101,127 78,765 17,869 882,808			
		***************************************	989,391		989,391			
***************************************	(2,517,268)	<u> </u>	989,391		(1,527,877)			
	1,058,210 122,220 273,309 330,428 478,366 20,352 54,755		- - - - - 15,706		1,058,210 122,220 273,309 330,428 478,366 20,352 70,461			
	39,128		31,344		70,472			
	210,226 2,586,994		(210,226) (163,176)		2,423,818			
	69,726		826,215		895,941			
	10,596,124		13,945,178		24,541,302			
	(4,356) 10,591,768		(16,445) 13,928,733	***************************************	(20,801) 24,520,501			
\$	10,661,494	\$	14,754,948	\$	25,416,442			

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds JUNE 30, 2012

		General	Debt Service
Assets			
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$	426,266	\$ 158,242
Investments		505,391	•
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of			
allowance for uncollectibles)			
Accounts		36,172	
Taxes		7,715	2,338
Subsequent Year Taxes		1,094,427	319,079
Due from Other Funds		57,476	_
Due from Other Governmental Agencies			-
Prepaid Assets		5,489	-
Total Assets		2,132,936	479,659
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable		81,564	-
Accrued Wages		37,706	-
Accrued Expenses		36,476	-
Claims Incurred But Not Reported		3,846	
Due to Other Funds		-	-
Unearned Revenue		530	-
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes		1,094,427	319,079
Total Liabilities	***************************************	1,254,549	319,079
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid Items		5,489	-
Restricted for:			
Debt Service		-	160,580
Local Option Sales Tax Purposes		-	-
Street Purposes		_	-
Specific Tax Levy Purposes		_	_
Fire Department Purposes		_	_
Unassigned		872,898	-
Total Fund Balances		878,387	160,580
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	2,132,936	\$ 479,659

		renue Funds	Other	Total
	Road Use	Local Option	Governmental	Governmental
	Тах	Sales Tax	Funds	Funds
\$	232,820	\$ 242,342	\$ 184,893	\$ 1,244,563
	-	-	75,000	580,391
	-	-	-	36,172
	-	_	1,993	12,046
	-	-	419,252	1,832,758
	-	-	_	57,476
	29,572	79,201		108,773
			_	5,489
***************************************	262,392	321,543	681,138	3,877,668
	-	-	18,887	100,451
	-	-	-	37,706
	-	-	-	36,476
				3,846
	-	-	57,476	57,476
			-	530
	-	-	419,252	1,832,758
		<u></u>	495,615	2,069,243
	-	-		5,489
	_	-	-	160,580
	-	321,543	-	321,543
	262,392	-	-	262,392
	-	-	17,690	17,690
	-	-	192,912	192,912
**************************************	_		(25,079)	
	262,392	321,543	185,523	1,808,425
\$	262,392	\$ 321,543	\$ 681,138	\$ 3,877,668

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (page 18)		\$ 1,808,425
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net assets are different because:		
Infrastructure, property, and equipment used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		11,878,375
Accrued expenses from the balance sheet that require current financial resources for governmental activities		(6,517)
Bond issue costs are reported in the governmental activities but are not reported in the funds as they do not provide current economic resources		70,884
Prepaid expenses are reported in the governmental activities but are not reported in the funds as they do not provide current economic resources		57,810
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Compensated Absences General Obligations Bonds Net OPEB Liability	\$ (47,347) (3,089,777) (10,359)	(3,147,483)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities (page 14)	-	\$ 10,661,494

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	General	37.11	Debt Service
Revenue:			
Taxes	\$ 1,058,21	0 \$	330,428
Tax increment financing		-	-
Other city taxes	20,35	2	-
Special Assessments		-	-
Licenses and Permits	26,81	3	-
Intergovernmental Revenue	48,34	8	-
Charges for Services	200,40	3	-
Fines and Forfeits	20,97	1	-
Contributions	40,41	3	-
Refunds/Reimbursements	57,78	6	-
Rental Income	52,34	8	-
Interest	54,47	9	_
Miscellaneous	39,07		-
Total Revenue	1,619,20		330,428
Expenditures:			
Public Safety	965,23	5	_
Public Works	424,37		_
Health and Social Services	8,88		_
Culture and Recreation	578,16		_
Community and Economic Development	59,32		
General Government	540,35		-
Capital Projects	040,00	_	_
Debt Service		-	446,028
Total Expenditures	2,576,33	- 7	446,028
Total Experiatores	2,370,33	1	440,020
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(957,13	7)	(115,600)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers In	1,130,53	2	133,377
Transfers Out	(128,00		· <u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,002,53		133,377
Net Change in Fund Balance	45,39	5	17,777
Fund balances - beginning of year	832,99	2	142,803
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 878,38	7 \$	160,580

	Special Revenue Funds Road Use Local Option Tax Sales Tax		 Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
_						
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 273,309	\$	1,661,947	
	**	470.000	122,220		122,220	
	-	478,366	-		498,718	
	-	-	1,600		1,600	
	-	-			26,813	
	397,660	-	26,874		472,882	
	-	-	32,037		232,440	
	-	-	-		20,971	
	-	-	1,778		42,191	
	-	-	-		57,786	
	-	-	_		52,348	
	_	-	276		54,755	
	51		 37,498		76,626	
	397,711	478,366	495,592		3,321,297	
	-	-	47,706		1,012,941	
	-	-	-		424,370	
	_	-	-		8,884	
	-	-	-		578,167	
	-	-	_		59,322	
	-	-	-		540,359	
	-	-	142,998		142,998	
	-	-	-		446,028	
	-		 190,704		3,213,069	
	397,711	478,366	 304,888		108,228	
		-	-		1,263,909	
	(400,000)	(314,500)	(313,377)		(1,155,877)	
	(400,000)	(314,500)	 (313,377)		108,032	
	(2,289)	163,866	 (8,489)		216,260	
	264,681	157,677	194,012		1,592,165	
\$	262,392	\$ 321,543	\$ 185,523	\$	1,808,425	

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 21)		\$ 2	16,260
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay, including infrastructure, as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current year as follows:			
Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 304,461 (805,438)	(5	00,977)
Prepaid insurance is not reported in the governmental funds as it is not available to provide current financial resources			17,689
Accrued interest payable that does not require current financial resources			2,740
Long-term accrual of compensated absences is not reported in the governmental funds as it does not consume current financial resources. The net change in in the long-term compensated absences for the year was:			(723)
Long-term accrual of other post employment benefits liability in the governmental funds as it does not consume current financial resources.			(3,453)
The effect of bond issuance costs when new debt is issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities		(2	28,308)
The repayment of the principal of bonded long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds without affecting the net assets. The statement of activities does not reflect the payment of principal on bonded long-term debt. The principal paid on bonded long-	t		
term debt during the current year was:		36	66,498
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 16)		\$ 6	69,726

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS Proprietary Funds JUNE 30, 2012

	Busir	ness Type Ac	tivities
	Electric Utility	:	Water Utility
ASSETS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		0,636 \$	37,970
Investments	2,37	5,000	497,032
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of			
allowance for uncollectibles)			
Accounts		2,038	109,777
Estimated Unbilled Usage		4,497	30,028
Advances to Other Funds		0,000	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		0,689	-
Inventories		4,596	2,018
Prepaid Assets		7,825	13,661
Total current assets	4,25	5,281	690,486
Non-current assets:			
Bond Issue Costs		-	~
Land		•••	231,820
Construction in Progress	5-	4,653	-
Infrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net of			
Accumulated Depreciation	85	0,227	8,577,988
Total non-current assets		4,880	8,809,808
Total Assets	5,16	0,161	9,500,294
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	38	7,095	4,523
Customer Deposits	3	5,954	6,734
Accrued Wages	:	5,468	2,376
Accrued Expenses		1,868	493
Accrued Compensated Absences	1:	3,990	6,119
Accrued Interest Payable		-	12,191
Advance from Other Funds		-	-
Revenue Bonds Payable		-	145,000
General Obligation Bonds Payable		<u> </u>	142,955
Total current liabilities	444	4,375	320,391
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due in more than one year:			
Revenue Bonds		_	3,582,000
General Obligation Bonds		_	329,268
Total non-current liabilities		-	3,911,268
Total Liabilities	444	4,375	4,231,659
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	902	4 880	4,610,585
			658,050
			5,268,635
Net of Related Debt Unrestricted Total Net Assets	3,810	4,880 0,906 5,786 \$	

	Business Type Activit	Nonmajor	
Sewer	Storm Water	Solid Waste	.
Utility	Utility	Utility	Total
Othity	Othey	Othley	Total
Φ 770.540	000.554		4 557 007
\$ 779,513	\$ 229,554	\$ 50,194	\$ 1,557,867
11,440	-	-	2,883,472
123,232	10,409	39,749	E2E 20E
23,040	2,143	7,618	535,205
23,040	2,143	7,010	147,326
-	-	-	800,000
-	-	-	20,689
40.000	-	~	246,614
12,808	0.10.100		44,294
950,033	242,106	97,561	6,235,467
54,694	_	-	54,694
51,590	186,367		469,777
1,718,032	488,934	_	2,261,619
4,092,530	947,022	_	14,467,767
5,916,846	1,622,323		17,253,857
6,866,879	1,864,429	97,561	23,489,324
390,651	47,330	21,707	851,306
~	-	-	42,688
2,011	525	-	10,380
899	-	-	3,260
5,124	996	-	26,229
6,099	-	-	18,290
800,000	-	-	800,000
-	-	-	145,000
255,000			397,955
1,459,784	48,851	21,707	2,295,108
~	_		3,582,000
2,528,000	· ·	-	2,857,268
2,528,000			6,439,268
3,987,784	48,851	21,707	8,734,376
5,507,704	40,001	21,101	0,707,070
0.404.400	4 000 000		40 500 000
3,401,120	1,622,323	75.054	10,538,908
(522,025) \$ 2,879,095	193,255	75,854	4,216,040
2,879,095	\$ 1,815,578	\$ 75,854	\$ 14,754,948

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Business Type Activities				
		Electric Utility		Water Utility	
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	2,542,877 2,542,877	\$	836,282	
Total Operating Revenue		2,542,877		836,282	
Operating Expenses:					
Cost of Service		2,551,557		407,134	
Depreciation		82,498		170,910	
Amortization					
Total Operating Expenses		2,634,055		578,044	
Operating Income (Loss)		(91,178)		258,238	
Non-Operating Income (Expense):					
Interest Income		15,311		301	
Other Non-operating Revenues		23,337		5,421	
Interest Expense		-	***************************************	(157,111)	
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)	***********	38,648		(151,389)	
Income (Loss) before Transfers and Contributions		(52,530)		106,849	
Capital Grant		-		-	
Transfers In Transfers Out		(350,000)		- (422 04E)	
Transiers Out	***************************************	(250,000)		(133,845)	
Change in Net Assets		(302,530)		(26,996)	
Net Assets - Beginning		5,034,761		5,295,631	
Prior Period Adjustment		(16,445)		_	
Net Assets - Beginning (As Restated)		5,018,316	NO.	5,295,631	
Net Assets - Ending	\$	4,715,786	\$	5,268,635	

 В	usines	s Type Activities	5			
		Storm		onmajor		
Sewer		Water	So	lid Waste		
 Utility		Utility		Utility		Total
\$ 804,965	\$	85,354	\$	306,152	\$	4,575,630
804,965		85,354		306,152		4,575,630
503,146		83,726		288,283		3,833,846
139,036		19,449		, <u>-</u>		411,893
6,221		· -		-		6,221
648,403		103,175		288,283		4,251,960
156,562		(17,821)		17,869		323,670
94		-		_		15,706
2,586		-		-		31,344
(77,797)		-		-		(234,908)
(75,117)		Marie de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la companya de l		_	***************************************	(187,858)
81,445		(17,821)		17,869		135,812
-		900,629		-		900,629
-		220,500		-		220,500
 (41,246)		(5,635)				(430,726)
40,199		1,097,673		17,869		826,215
2,838,896		717,905		57,985		13,945,178
 _				<u></u>		(16,445)
 2,838,896		717,905		57,985		13,928,733
\$ 2,879,095	_\$	1,815,578	\$	75,854	\$	14,754,948

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 Business Type Activities		
	 Electric Utility		Water Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 2,515,414	\$	767,084
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(2,030,901)		(498,166)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(339,025)		(159,482)
Other Receipts	23,337		5,421
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	 168,825		114,857
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(68,325)		(188,334)
Proceeds from Grant	-		-
Proceeds from General Obligation Debt Issuance	-		-
Proceeds from SRF Loan	_		466,319
Principal Paid on Notes and Bonds	_		(283,503)
Interest & Bond Costs Paid			(146,290)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and			(7.0,200)
Related Financing Activities	 (68,325)		(151,808)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Operating Transfers to Other Funds Operating Transfers from Other Funds Advance (to) from Other Funds Due from Other Governments Due to Other Funds Due from Other Funds Net Cash Provided (Used) by	 (250,000) - 66,667 (20,689) - 282,012	Maryandari	(133,845) - 644,433 (562,203) 126,536
Non-Capital Financing Activities	 77,990		74,921
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of Investment Securities	-		(301)
Interest and Dividends on Investments	 15,311		301
Net Cash Provided from Investing Activities	 15,311		_
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	193,801		37,970
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	 266,835		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 460,636	\$	37,970

	Busii	ness Type Activitie				
				lonmajor		
Sewer		Storm Water	Sc	olid Waste		
Utility		Utility		Utility	Total	
\$ 776,10	63 \$	83,845	\$	300,382	\$	4,442,888
7:	58	(6,058)		(285,852)		(2,820,219
(130,2		(38,380)		_		(667,164
2,5		(,,		_		31,344
649,2		39,407		14,530		986,849
(1,644,1	54)	(1,018,196)		-		(2,919,009
	-	900,629		-		900,629
2,040,0	00	-		-		2,040,000
	_	-		-		466,319
(155,0	00)	-		-		(438,503
(105,0-		-		-		(251,339
135,7	97	(117,567)		_		(201,903
(41,2	46)	(5,635)		_		(430,726
	-	220,500		-		220,500
(66,66	37)	-		-		_
•	_	-		-		623,744
(73,8	78)	(4,273)		-		(640,354
	<u> </u>					408,548
(181,7	91)	210,592		-		181,712
(!	94)	-		-		(395
	94			**	***********	15,706
		-				15,311
603,23	36	132,432		14,530		981,969
176,2	<u> </u>	97,122		35,664	******************	575,898
\$ 779,5	13 \$	229,554	\$	50,194	\$	1,557,867

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Business Type Activities		
	Electric Utility		Water Utility	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(91,178)	\$	258,238
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		82,498		170,910
Amortization		-		-
Miscellaneous Non-Operating Income		23,337		5,421
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Accounts Receivable		(7,895)		(39,566)
Estimated Unbilled Usage		(16,914)		(12,753)
Prepaids		3,727		11,413
Inventories		9,923		(31)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		170,608		(258,170)
Accrued Wages and Compensated Absences		1,538		(46)
Accrued Expenses		(4,165)		(3,680)
Unearned Revenue		-		(17,293)
Customer Deposits		(2,654)		414
Total Adjustments		260,003		(143,381)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		168,825		114,857

	Business Type Activities						
Sewer Utility		Storm Water Utility		Nonmajor Solid Waste Utility		Total	
\$	156,562	\$	(17,821)	\$	17,869	\$	323,670
	139,036 6,221 2,586		19,449 - -		- - -		411,893 6,221 31,344
	(23,628) (5,174) 8,368		(1,257) (251)		(4,896) (873) -		(77,242) (35,965) 23,508
	365,037 (68) 290		39,165 122 -		2,430 - -		9,892 319,070 1,546 (7,555)
	492,668 649,230		57,228 39,407		(3,339) 14,530		(17,293) (2,240) 663,179 986,849

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS Agency Fund JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$ 5,758
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	 5,758
NET ASSETS Unrestricted Total Net Assets	\$

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa, is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Woodbury County, and was incorporated in 1854, under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in 1974 under the Home Rule City Act. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government elected on an nonpartisan basis with an appointed administrator and administers the following programs as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, human development, general government, capital projects and debt service. The City also has municipal electric, water, sewer, solid waste and storm water utility systems which are governed by the City Council.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City applies only the applicable FASB pronouncements issued prior to November 30, 1989 in accounting and reporting its proprietary operations. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa, has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City has no component units that meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations for which the City is not financially accountable or that the nature and significance of the relationship with the City are such that exclusion does not cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. City officials are members of the following Boards or Commissions: Woodbury County Solid Waste Agency Board, Woodbury County E-911 Services Board and Woodbury County Conference Board.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by property tax and intergovernmental revenues,

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The City's general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Statement of Net Assets presents the City's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The City does not allocate indirect costs. Certain expenses of the City are accounted for through a cost-reimbursement basis.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year activities.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues or receipts, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

determination of major funds. The City electively added funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

Governmental Fund Types – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that the focus of the governmental funds' measurement is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the City:

- 1) General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The sources of revenue include property taxes, charges for services, fines and fees, licenses and permits, as well as state and federal grants. The expenditures of the General Fund relate to general administration, police and fire protection, maintenance of public streets, economic development, and culture and recreation.
- Debt Service Fund Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt, principal, interest, and related costs.
- 3) <u>Special Revenue Road Use Tax Fund</u> The Special Revenue Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the operation of the street maintenance and construction financed by allocations of state fuel taxes.
- 4) <u>Special Revenue Local Option Sales Tax Fund</u> The Special Revenue Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the revenues for the tax authorized by referendum and used for capital improvements, equipment and company programs and services.

Proprietary Fund Types – The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses consist of cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. The U.S. generally accepted accounting principles used are those applicable to similar businesses in the private sector.

1) Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis should be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains several business-type activities. The major enterprise funds are listed as follows:

The Electric Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's electrical system.

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

The Storm Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's storm sewer system.

Fiduciary Fund Types – Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in an agency or custodial capacity for others and therefore not available to support City programs. Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of results of operations and are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The City's Agency Fund is used to account for a medical flexible spending account for employees.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end with the exception of expenditure driven grants for which a one-year availability period is used.

Property tax, local option sales tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Under terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Budgets

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2012, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any service function.

F. Cash And Cash Equivalents And Investments

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds not currently needed for operating expenses in notes, certificates, bonds, prime eligible bankers acceptances, certain high rated commercial paper, perfected repurchase agreements, or other evidences of indebtedness which are obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America or any of its agencies, or in time deposits or savings accounts in depositories approved by the City Council.

- 1) Cash and Cash Equivalents Includes investments with original maturities of three months or less.
- 2) Investments Consist of certificates of deposit with original maturities of more than three months and perfected repurchase agreements. The City reports certificates of deposit and perfected repurchase agreements at cost.

G. Property Tax Receivable

Property tax in Governmental Funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the City Council to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year delinquent property taxes receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the City Council to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City Council is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of

Note 1 -SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2010 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2011. Any county collections on the 2011-2012 tax levy remitted to the City within 60 days subsequent to June 30, 2012, are recorded as property tax revenue.

H. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2012, balances of interfund amounts payable or receivable have been recorded as "due to other funds" and "due from other funds", respectively. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as interfund balances.

I. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased and are immaterial and not recorded on the current financial statements.

J. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2012 are recorded as prepaid items.

K. Property and Equipment

Assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more are considered capital assets. Property and equipment are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed assets are reported at their fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Infrastructure has been capitalized using historical or estimated historical cost

Note 1 -SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

beginning in 1980 as required by GASB 34. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 Years
Utility Plant	30 - 33 Years
Land Improvements	20 - 50 Years
Machinery & Equipment	5 – 20 Years
Infrastructure	20 - 100 Years

L. Compensated Absences

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation costs and related employee benefits when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years for governmental funds is reported only as a general liability in the government-wide statement of net assets and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2012. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

M. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

N. Fund Equity

Fund equity in the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Note 1 -SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

P. Deferred Revenue

Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds, as well as delinquent property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which they are levied.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits at June 30, 2012, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the state sinking fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. Chapter 12C provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district. There were no differences in investments held during the year from those at June 30, 2012.

At June 30, 2012 the City had the following investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, as amended by Statement No. 40.

	Fair Value			
Certificates of deposits	\$ 113,863			
Repurchase agreements	3,350,000			
	<u>\$ 3,463,863</u>			

The City's \$3,350,000 investment in repurchase agreements is held in the name of the City and

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2012

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

underlying securities (totaling \$4,285,000) are held by an authorized custodian of the City.

Interest Rate Risk: The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and uses of the City. The City manages its exposure to declines in the fair value of its investments by limiting maturities to less than one year.

The City's investments consist of certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements with the latest maturity extending to January, 2014.

Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses the issue of credit risk. Investments are limited to certain types of investments and by diversifying the investment portfolio.

Custodial Risk: This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of the outside party. Of the City's investments at June 30, 2012, the City has limited custodial credit risk exposure because all investments of the City must be held for the credit of the City in compliance with lowa Code Chapter 12B. The counterparty must keep the securities in an account separate and apart from its own.

Note 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

At June 30, 2012, amounts due from other governments were as follows:

Due from the lowa Economic Development Authority for grant funding	\$ 20,689
Due from the State of Iowa for local option sales taxes	79,201
Due from the Iowa Department of Transportation for road use tax allocations	29,572
Total Due from Other Governments	\$ 129,462

As of June 30, 2012, short-term interfund borrowings were as follows:

<u>Fund Due To</u>	Fund Due From	<u>Amount</u>		
General	Capital Projects	\$ 57,476		

These internal balances represent amounts due from/due to other funds to cover deficit cash balances.

As of June 30, 2012, long-term advances were as follows:

Fund Due To	Fund Due From	<u>Amount</u>
Proprietary – Electric	Proprietary – Sewer	\$ 800,000

Note 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Primary Government

·	Balance June 30, 2011 (As Restated)	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities:	(2000) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -			
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 393,109	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 393,109
Construction in Progress	-	270,267	100,973	169,294
Total capital assets not being depreciated	393,109	270,267	100,973	562,403
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	2,859,365	5,090	-	2,864,455
Equipment	3,037,517	29,104	13,573	3,053,048
Land Improvements	1,840,580		-	1,840,580
Infrastructure	14,312,061	100,973	-	14,413,034
Total capital assets being depreciated	22,049,523	135,167	13,573	22,171,117
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	475,341	77,663	-	553,004
Equipment	1,922,263	231,117	13,573	2,139,807
Land Improvements	255,671	81,559	-	337,230
Infrastructure	7,410,005	415,099	-	7,825,104
Total Accumulated Depreciation	10,063,280	805,438	13,573	10,855,145
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,986,243	(670,271)	***	11,315,972
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,379,352	\$ (400,004)	\$ 100,973	\$ 11,878,375

Construction in progress at June 30, 2012, for governmental activities, consisted of costs associated with the Warrior Road Project and South Lewis Boulevard projects.

Note 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance July 1, 2011			Balance June 30,
	(As Restated)	Additions	Deletions	2012
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 283,410	\$ 186,367	\$ -	\$ 469,777
Construction in Progress	6,062,675	2,711,116	6,512,172	2,261,619
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,346,085	2,897,483	6,512,172	2,731,396
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,239,221	-	-	1,239,221
Equipment	824,821	21,525	-	846,346
Distribution System	8,962,207	6,512,172	-	15,474,379
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,026,249	6,533,697	_	17,559,946
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	231,816	31,860	-	263,676
Equipment	409,472	88,574	-	498,046
Distribution System	2,038,998	291,459	-	2,330,457
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,680,286	411,893	_	3,092,179
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,345,963	6,121,804		14,467,767
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 14,692,048	\$ 9,019,287	\$ 6,512,172	\$ 17,199,163

Construction in progress at June 30, 2012, for the business-type activities, consisted of costs associated with the 1st Street Lift Station, switch gear upgrade project and storm water drainage project.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Public Safety	\$ 203,536
Public Works	556,890
Culture and Recreation	30,656
General Government	14,029
Community and Economic Development	327
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 805,438
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 170,910
Sewer	139,036
Electric	82,498
Storm Water	19,449
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 411,893

Note 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of Invested in Capital Assets:

		ernmental ctivities	Business-type Activities		
Land	\$	393,109	\$	469,777	
Construction in Progress		169,294		2,261,619	
Capital Assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation)	1	1,315,972		14,467,767	
Less: General Obligation Bonds Payable		3,089,777		3,255,223	
Revenue Bonds		-		3,727,000	
Add: Unspent Bond Proceeds		_		321,968	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related		,			
Debt	\$	8,788,598	\$	10,538,908	

Note 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The City's computed legal debt limit, as of June 30, 2012, is \$6,551,698 of which \$6,345,000 is committed for outstanding general obligation debt.

The following is a summary of bond transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Governmental Business Type Activities Activities		
	General C		-
	Bonds and Notes	Bonds Paid	•
	Paid By	Ву	
	Debt Service	Enterprise	
	Fund	Funds	Total
Primary Government:			
Bonds payable			
July 1, 2011	\$ 3,456,275	\$ 1,513,725	\$ 4,970,000
Plus: Issued	-	2,040,000	2,040,000
Less: Payments	366,498	298,502	665,000
Bonds Payable			
June 30, 2012	\$ 3,089,777	\$ 3,255,223	\$ 6,345,000
Due within one year	\$ 372,045	\$ 397,955	\$ 770,000

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and projects. General obligation bonds have been issued for the governmental-type activities and the business-type activities.

Note 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

		Date of Interest Final Due Annual		Annual	Amount	Amount Originally		tstanding	Du	Due Within	
		Issue	Rates	Date	e Payments		sued	June 30, 2012		One Year	
General O	bligation:		3,3,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4								
Corporate Corporate	Purpose Purpose and	2008	3.9-4.1%	2027	\$ 35,000-\$185,000	\$	1,170,000	\$	1,075,000	\$	35,000
Sewer Ref	•	2009	3.9-4.1%	2020	\$145,000-\$365,000)	2,715,000		2,040,000		345,000
Corporate	Purpose	2010	1.6-3.0%	2017	\$175,000-\$300,000)	1,550,000		1,190,000		290,000
Sewer Imp	rovement	2011	2.0-3.5%	2029	\$100,000-\$150,000)	2,040,000		2,040,000		100,000
Total Gene	eral Obligation					\$	7,475,000	\$	6,345,000	\$	770,000
Year Ending											
June 30		Business Type			Governmental				Totals		
11	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principa	al	Interest		Total
2013	\$ 397,955	\$ 108,052	\$ 506,007	\$ 372,04	5 \$ 78,687 \$	450,732	\$ 770,0	000	\$ 186,73	9	\$ 956,739
2014	410,408	92,644	503,052	374,59	2 77,725	452,317	785,0	000	170,36	9	955,369
2015	431,860	76,398	508,258	373,14	0 74,623	447,763	805,0	000	151,02	21	956,021
2016	255,000	58,952	313,952	320,00	0 71,059	391,059	575,0	000	130,01	1	705,011
2017	240,000	50,653	290,653	300,00	0 63,023	363,023	540,0	000	113,67	6	653,676
2018-2022	570,000	192,392	762,392	1,080,00	0 136,398	1,216,398	1,650,0	000	328,79	0	1,978,790
2023-2027	655,000	115,263	770,263	270,00	0 49,077	319,077	925,0	000	164,34	-0	1,089,340
	000,000		770,200	2,0,00	-10,011	010,077	020,0		10-7,0-	•	1,000,0

Revenue Bonds

295,000

\$3,255,223

2028-2029

Total

Details of Revenue Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012 are as follows:

310,575

\$3,089,777

\$ 3,965,152

15,575

\$ 709,929

	Date of Issue	Interest Rates	Final Due Date	Annual Payments	Originally Issued	Outstanding June 30, 2012	Due Within One Year
SRF Water Revenue Bond 2010A	01/2010	3.0%	06/2031	Unknown	\$3,867,000	\$ 3,727,000	\$ 145,000

6,400

\$ 556,992

6,400

\$3,646,769

295,000

\$6,345,000

21,975

\$1,266,921

316,975

\$7,611,921

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2013	\$ 145,000	\$ 111,810
2014	150,000	107,460
2015	154,000	102,960
2016	159,000	98,340
2017	165,000	93,570
2018-2022	906,000	390,480
2023-2027	1,065,000	241,400
2028-2030	983,000	74,510
Total	\$ 3,727,000	\$ 1,220,530

Note 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-Term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Red	ductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Bonds Payable							
General Obligation	\$	3,456,275	\$ -	\$	366,498	\$ 3,089,777	\$ 372,045
Compensated Absences		46,624	47,347		46,624	47,347	47,347
Other Post Employment Benefits		6,906	3,453			10,359	 -
Governmental Activity							
Long-Term Liabilities		3,509,805	50,800		413,122	3,147,483	 419,392
Business-Type Activities							
Bonds Payable:							
General Obligation		1,513,725	2,040,000		298,502	3,255,223	397,955
Revenue Bonds		3,400,681	466,319		140,000	3,727,000	145,000
Compensated Absences		26,492	26,229		26,492	26,229	26,229
Business-Type Activity							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	4,940,898	\$2,532,548	\$	464,994	\$ 7,008,452	\$ 569,184

Note 6 - TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of transfers between funds:

	General	Debt Service	Storm Water	Nonmajor Governmental	Governmental Activities	Total Transfers Out
General	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,000
Road Use Tax	300,000	-	-	100,000		400,000
LOST	222,000	_	92,500		-	314,500
Water	37,950	-	_	-	95,895	133,845
Sewer	36,500	-	-	-	4,746	41,246
Electric	250,000	-	_	-	-	250,000
Storm Water	4,082	-	-	-	1,553	5,635
Nonmajor Governmental	280,000	133,377	-		-	413,377
Total Transfers In	\$1,130,532	\$ 133,377	\$ 220,500	\$ 100,000	\$ 102,194*	\$1,686,603

Transfers are used to:

- 1. Move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.
- 2. To move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due.
- * To account for capital assets purchased by enterprise funds and transferred to governmental funds.

Note 7 - RETIREMENT

<u>Iowa Public Employees Retirement System</u> - The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 5.38% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 8.07% of annual covered salary. Law enforcement employees are covered by another plan. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The City contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$105,475, \$100,281 and \$95,992, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 8 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits. All coverage ceases when the retiree attains 65 or becomes eligible for Medicare except for COBRA continuation if elected.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the City. The City currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The City's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the City, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2012

Note 8 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2012, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 3,453
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	-
Annual OPEB cost	3,453
Contributions made	-
Increase in net OPEB obligation	3,453
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	6,906
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 10,359

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years 2010, 2011 and 2012 are summarized as follows:

		Percentage of	
Year	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$ 3,453	0%	\$ 3,453
June 30, 2011	\$ 3,453	0%	\$ 6,906
June 30, 2012	\$ 3,453	0%	\$ 10,359

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - As of July 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012, the actuarial accrued liability was \$16,092, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$16,092. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$1,180,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 1.3%. As of June 30, 2012, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and

Note 8 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) – (Continued)

plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation date, the alternative measurement method was used. The projected annual medical trend rate is 10%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 5%. The medical trend rate is reduced 1% each year until reaching the 5% ultimate trend rate.

Mortality rates are from the 2004 United States Life Tables. At that time continued participation was assumed to be 10%.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$11,031 annually for retirees less than age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 3.0% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

Note 9 - DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The City has one fund with a deficit equity balance at June 30, 2012. The City intends to finance this deficit from various resources including general funds and capital project debt financing.

The individual fund deficit was as follows:

Capital Projects \$ 25,079

Note 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Sergeant Bluff is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The City assumes liability for any deductible and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 11 - COMMITMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2012, and in previous years the City had entered into several construction contracts totaling approximately \$8,445,406 of which approximately \$7,415,786 has been expended to date. The remaining balance will be paid as work progresses.

Note 12 - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT REVENUE BONDS

The City has issued a total of \$9,100,000 of industrial development revenue bonds under the provisions of Chapter 419 of the Code of Iowa. The bonds and related interest are payable solely from the rents payable by tenants of the properties constructed, and the bond principal and interest do not constitute liabilities of the City. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2012 was not determinable.

Note 13 - COMMUNITY ECONOMIC BETTERMENT (CEBA) LOAN

On December 15, 1998, the City received \$175,000 from the Iowa Department of Economic Development under a CEBA loan agreement. The City subsequently loaned \$175,000 to a private business. No interest or principal payments are required during the first and second years. At the project completion date, \$1,250 will be forgiven for each new job created and the balance remaining will be amortized over the remaining three years in equal annual payments with 6 percent per annum interest. The City's liability for repayment of this loan is limited to those amounts the City collects through its good faith enforcement of security interest with the business; therefore, the liability for this loan is not included in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

NOTE 14 - SPLIT FUNDING HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

The City's Split Funding Health Insurance Fund was established in 2008 to account for the partial self-funding of the City's health insurance plan. The plan is funded by City contributions and is administered through a service agreement with TrueNorth. The agreement is subject to automatic renewal provisions. The City assumes liability for deductible amounts of \$300 to \$1,400 depending on the coverage selected by the employee.

Monthly payments of service fees and plan contributions to the City's Split Funding Health Insurance Fund are recorded as expenditures from the operating funds. Under the administrative services agreement, monthly payments of service fees and claims are paid from the general, water, sewer and electric funds based on a percentage of the number of employees paid out of each fund to the total number of employees covered under the plan.

Claims payable and estimated claims incurred but not reported are recorded as a liability in the general fund.

Claims Payable at June 30, 2011	\$ -
Claims Incurred	24,050
Claims Paid	 (20,204)
Claims Payable at June 30, 2012	\$ 3,846

Note 15 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year, it was discovered that the City had overstated its governmental and business-type capital assets in error. It was determined that \$4,356 of infrastructure had been incorrectly recorded in the government-wide infrastructure, property and equipment. To correct the error, infrastructure, property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation was restated to reflect the reduction in capital assets of the City. The governmental activities beginning net assets of the City were decreased by \$4,356 as a result of the adjustments.

It also was determined that \$16,445 of equipment additions was improperly included in error. To correct the error, business-type infrastructure, property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation was restated to reflect the reduction in capital assets. Consequently, the business-type activities beginning net assets have been decreased by \$16,445 as a result of the adjustment.

Note 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In July 2012 the City approved the issuance of General Obligation Sewer Improvement Bonds, Series 2012, in the principal amount of \$650,000. These bonds carry a maturity date of June 1, 2032 and interest of 3.0%. These bond proceeds are to be used to finance the construction of sanitary sewer improvements.



CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS)- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Actual Amounts		Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget		
	Government	al	Proprietary	**********	Total					Positive
	Funds		Funds		Actual	Original		Final		Negative)
Revenue:										
Property Taxes	\$ 1,625,96		\$ -	\$	1,625,960	\$ 1,654,972	\$	1,654,972	\$	(29,012)
Tax increment financing	133,34		-		133,345	132,687		132,687		658
Other city tax	517,33		-		517,333	429,610		429,610		87,723
Special Assessments	1,60		-		1,600	-		-		1,600
Licenses and permits	26,81				26,813	18,975		18,975		7,838
Intergovernmental revenue	611,70		1,524,374		2,136,079	1,249,774		1,549,774		586,305
Charges for services	196,26		4,442,889		4,639,157	4,946,475		4,946,475		(307,318)
Use of money and property	52,34		-		52,348	60,000		60,000		(7,652)
Interest	54,75		15,706		70,461	-		-		70,461
Miscellaneous	127,20		31,344		158,545	41,450		41,450		117,095
Total Revenue	3,347,32	28_	6,014,313		9,361,641	8,533,943		8,833,943		527,698
Expenditures:										
Public safety	987,94	19	-		987,949	1,213,895		1,213,895		225,946
Public works	406,13	32	-		406,132	438,430		508,430		102,298
Health and Social Services	8,88	4	-		8,884	9,600		10,600		1,716
Culture and recreation	565,12	6	_		565,126	567,250		587,250		22,124
Community and economic development	58,22	8	_		58,228	72,300		72,300		14,072
General government	500,24	5	-		500,245	576,240		581,240		80,995
Capital projects	124,11	1	-		124,111	_		130,000		5,889
Debt service	446,02	8.	-		446,028	811,618		861,618		415,590
Business type activities		_	7,096,234		7,096,234	7,049,036		8,049,036		952,802
Total Expenditures	3,096,70	3	7,096,234		10,192,937	10,738,369	_	12,014,369		1,821,432
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	250,62	5_	(1,081,921)		(831,296)	(2,204,426)		(3,180,426)		2,349,130
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from issuance of debt		_	2,040,000		2,040,000	2,066,600		3,706,600		(1,666,600)
Proceeds from SRF Loan		_	466,319		466,319			-		466,319
Interfund Transfers In	1,363,90	19	220,500		1,584,409	1,898,525		2,058,525		(474,116)
Interfund Transfers Out	(1,255,87		(430,726)		(1,686,603)	(1,898,525)		(2,058,525)		371,922
Total other financing sources (uses)	108,03		2,296,093		2,404,125	2,066,600		3,706,600		(1,302,475)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures										
and other financing uses	358,65	7	1,214,172		1,572,829	\$ (137,826)	\$	526,174	\$	1,046,655
Fund balances-beginning of year	1,466,29	7_	3,227,167		4,693,464					
Fund balances- end of year	\$ 1,824,95	4_	\$ 4,441,339	\$	6,266,293					

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

					Proprietary Funds	S
		Governmental Fund	ds		Enterprise	
	Cash Basis	Accrual Adjustments	Modified Accrual Basis	Cash Basis	Accrual Adjustments	Accrual Basis
Revenues Expenditures/expenses	\$ 3,347,328 3,096,703	\$ (26,031) 116,366	\$ 3,321,297 3,213,069	\$ 6,014,313 7,096,234	\$ (1,391,633) (2,609,366)	4,622,680 4,486,868
Net	250,625	(142,397)	108,228	(1,081,921)	1,217,733	135,812
Other financing sources, net	108,032	_	108,032	2,296,093	(1,605,690)	690,403
Beginning fund balances/net assets	1,466,297	125,868	1,592,165	3,227,167	10,701,566	13,928,733
Ending fund balances/net assets	\$ 1,824,954	\$ (16,529)	\$ 1,808,425	\$ 4,441,339	\$ 10,313,609	\$ 14,754,948

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting June 30, 2012

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Agency Funds, and appropriates the amount deemed necessary for each of the different City offices and departments. The budgets may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon 9 major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These 9 functions are: public safety, public works, community and economic development, health and social services, culture and recreation, general government, debt service, capital projects, and business-type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds, and the Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. Legal budgetary control is also based upon the appropriation to each office or department.

During the year, there was one budget amendment which increased budgeted expenditures for Public Works, Health and Social Services, Culture and Recreation, General Government, Debt Service, and Capital Projects functions, as well as, expenditures for proprietary funds. This increase was required due to a general increase in operation costs, local flooding and the replacement of a lift station not previously budgeted for by the City. The City also increased intergovernmental revenues and other financing sources as a result of reimbursements for the water plan project and additional borrowing necessary for the lift station project. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any service function.

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30,	Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	L	ctuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)- ntry Age (b)	nfunded AAL UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2010	July 1, 2009	*	\$ -	\$	16,092	\$ 16,092	0.00%	\$ 1,180,879	1.4%
2011	July 1, 2009		\$ -	\$	16,092	\$ 16,092	0.00%	\$ 1,180,879	1.4%
2012	July 1, 2009		\$ -	\$	16,092	\$ 16,092	0.00%	\$ 1,180,879	1.4%

See Note 8 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation, funding status and funding progress.

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^{*} Fiscal 2010 was the first year for calculating the Post Employment Benefit Obligation so information from previous years in not available.



CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Governmental Nonmajor Funds JUNE 30, 2012

		Spec	cial I	Revenue F	und	s	
		mployee Benefits	Tax Increment Financing		V	olunteer Fire Dept	
Assets							
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$	15,697	\$	_	\$	117,912	
Investments		-		_		75,000	
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of for uncollectibles)							
Taxes		1,993		_		-	
Subsequent Year Taxes		299,113		120,139		-	
Total Assets		316,803		120,139		192,912	
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds		_		<u>-</u>		-	
Subsequent Year Taxes	***********	299,113		120,139			
Total Liabilities		299,113		120,139	***************************************		
Fund Balances Restricted for:							
Specific Tax Levy Purposes		17,690		-		-	
Fire Department Purposes		· <u>-</u>		-		192,912	
Unassigned				-		-	
Total Fund Balances		17,690		-		192,912	
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	316,803	\$	120,139	\$	192,912	

apital ojects	G	Total overnmental Nonmajor Funds
\$ 51,284	\$	184,893 75,000
 - - 51,284		1,993 419,252 681,138
 18,887 57,476 - 76,363		18,887 57,476 419,252 495,615
(25,079) (25,079)		17,690 192,912 (25,079) 185,523
\$ 51,284	\$	681,138

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Nonmajor Funds JUNE 30, 2012

		Special Revenue Funds					
		mployee Benefits	Tax Increment Financing	Volunteer Fire Dept			
Revenue:							
Taxes	\$	273,309		\$ -			
Tax increment financing			122,220	-			
Special Assessments		-	-	-			
Intergovernmental Revenue		_	-	-			
Charges for Services		-	-	32,037			
Contributions		-	-	1,778			
Interest		-	-	276			
Miscellaneous			-	37,498			
Total Revenue		273,309	122,220	71,589			
Expenditures: Public Safety Capital Projects Total Expenditures		-	- - -	47,706 - 47,706			
Excess of revenues over expenditures	derlanderstaten	273,309	122,220	23,883			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In Transfers Out Total other financing sources (uses)		(280,000) (280,000)	(133,377) (133,377)	-			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,691)	(11,157)	23,883			
Fund balances - beginning of year		24,381	11,157	169,029			
Fund balances - end of year	\$	17,690	\$ -	\$ 192,912			

	Capital Projects	Gove No	Total ernmental onmajor ⁻ unds
\$	1,600 26,874 - - 28,474	\$	273,309 122,220 1,600 26,874 32,037 1,778 276 37,498 495,592

	142,998 142,998		47,706 142,998 190,704
	(114,524)		304,888
	100,000		100,000 (413,377)
	100,000		(313,377)
	(14,524)		(8,489)
O	(10,555)		194,012
\$	(25,079)	\$	185,523

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES **Agency Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Balance July 1, 2011		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2012	
FLEX Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_\$	6,851	\$	10,270	\$	11,363	\$	5,758
Total Assets Liabilities	22020	6,851		10,270		11,363		5,758
Accounts Payable		6,851		10,270		11,363		5,758
Total Liabilities	\$	6,851	\$	10,270	\$	11,363	\$	5,758

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Last Nine Years Ended June 30

	Modified Accrual Basis						
	2012	2011	2010	2009			
Revenues:							
Property tax	\$ 1,661,947	\$ 1,619,049	\$ 1,624,757	\$ 1,561,438			
Tax increment financing revenue	122,220	114,309	87,956	22,371			
Other city tax	498,718	389,905	390,381	368,402			
Licenses and permits	26,813	22,477	19,186	18,185			
Intergovernmental	472,882	660,307	1,706,953	740,150			
Charges for service	232,440	210,568	205,860	195,840			
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	-	2,165	29,065			
Use of money and property	107,103	117,393	113,200	80,622			
Special assessments	1,600	6,519	3,970	-			
Miscellaneous	197,574	130,540	158,523	144,973			
Total	\$ 3,321,297	\$ 3,271,067	\$ 4,312,951	\$ 3,161,046			
Expenditures:							
Operating:							
Public safety	\$ 1,012,941	\$ 1,103,491	\$ 1,386,082	\$ 1,101,673			
Public works	424,370	358,414	428,516	452,415			
Health and social services	8,884	10,200	2,400	-			
Culture and recreation	578,167	554,559	463,002	356,831			
Community and economic							
development	59,322	65,496	55,457	35,330			
General government	540,359	552,778	481,894	311,718			
Debt service	446,028	863,623	1,436,444	639,818			
Capital projects	142,998	894,030	1,830,471	1,362,548			
Total	\$ 3,213,069	\$ 4,402,591	\$ 6,084,266	\$ 4,260,333			

	Modified Accrual Basis									
2008		2007		2006			2005	2004		
\$	1,429,954	\$	1,161,191	\$	1,063,633	\$	984,838	\$	1,004,173	
	-		139,332		64,969		-		47,201	
	380,639		380,152		340,121		327,599		35,768	
	30,285		36,208		48,673		39,175		44,407	
	363,853		295,843		383,978		316,846		-	
	220,694		197,471		117,432		141,887		87,743	
	-		_		_		-		_	
	76,477		54,395		46,288		51,173		685,145	
	65,801		25,334		6,567		1,094		148,640	
	134,355_		123,657		90,720		374,214		97,194	
\$	2,702,058	\$	2,413,583	\$	2,162,381	\$	2,236,826	_\$_	2,150,271	
\$	918,523	\$	920,527	\$	934,948	\$	1,131,396	\$	955,098	
	314,352		297,768		242,232		225,671		236,940	
	325,725		268,710		136,670		260,106		295,518	
	33,609		124,156		62,889		93,899		94,772	
	453,175		339,113		281,676		266,095		325,995	
	645,238		559,782		902,415		559,441		618,256	
	598,026	***************************************	503,037	·····	549,773		1,037,788		497,679	
\$	3,288,648	_\$_	3,013,093	\$	3,110,603	\$	3,574,396	\$	3,024,258	



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

Management of the City of Sergeant Bluff is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items II-A-12 and II-B-12 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters:

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Sergeant Bluff's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain

provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2012 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the City of Sergeant Bluff, Iowa's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City during the course of our audit.

Certified Public Accountants

William Legrony, P.1.

March 20, 2013 Le Mars, Iowa

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results

- (a) An unqualified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- (b) Material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any noncompliance which is material to the financial statements.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

Instances of Non-Compliance:

No matters were noted.

Material Weaknesses:

II-A-12 Financial Reporting

<u>Observation</u> - During the audit, we identified material amounts of receivables, payables and capital asset additions not identified by the City. Adjustments were subsequently made by the City to properly include these amounts in the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should implement procedures to ensure all receivables, payables and capital asset additions are identified and included in the City's financial statements.

<u>Response</u> – We will double check these in the future to avoid any missing receivables, payables and capital assets.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

II-B-12 Segregation of Duties

Observation - During the audit, it was noted that the individual who creates the utility bills also enters the rates and makes all the adjustments to the utility billing software. It was also noted that the individual that prepares the payroll checks also has the ability to make rate changes in the payroll master file and distributes the signed payroll checks. These incompatible duties gives those individuals the ability to perpetrate and conceal errors or fraud.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The City should implement a system of segregation of responsibility and review and monitoring functions for the payroll and the utility billing functions.

<u>Response</u> - The city is aware of the nature of the weakness and the necessity to establish more effective controls. Procedures will be reviewed and changes will be implemented as deemed necessary and practical.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

CITY OF SERGEANT BLUFF, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Part III: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:

- III-A-12 <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2012 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- III-B-12 Questionable Expenditures We noted no questionable expenditures during our audit.
- III-C-12 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- III-D-12 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and City employees were noted.
- III-E-12 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. However, we recommend that the amount of coverage be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- III-F-12 <u>Cash and Investments</u> We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.
- III-G-12 Financial Report The Annual Financial Report was not filed by December 1 as required by Chapter 384.22 of the Code of Iowa.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should file the annual financial report by December 1 as required by the Code of Iowa.

Response – We will file the annual financial report by December 1 each year.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- **III-H-12 -** Council Minutes We noted no transactions requiring approval which had not been approved by Council.
- III-1-12 Revenue Bonds No violations of revenue bond resolutions were noted.
- III-J-12 Publications The City did not publish annual gross salaries in accordance with Chapter 372.13 of the Code of Iowa and an Attorney General's opinion dated April 12, 1978.

Recommendation - The City should publish annual gross salaries as required.

Response - We will publish annual salaries as required.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

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